

BRITISH SCOFF AT THREATS

Our Daily Bread

Sliced Thin by The Editor

ALEX. H. WASHBURN

State and Federal Agencies

They Give Comden a Road

Not since Harvey Parnell was governor a decade ago has Hempstead county obtained a single major road contract. Administrations come and go, we switch local political factions, but to no avail—the only paved highway this section has ever obtained through all these different administrations has been U. S. 67, and that's something they had to give us when building the Southern Transcontinental Route because that straight line runs through Hope.

Penn State Paper, Democratic Organ, Bolts to Willkie

McCormick, Former Democratic Chairman, Leaves Party

BOLT IS LOOMING

From Republican Side Comes "Totalitarian" Charge

HARRISBURG, Pa. —(AP)—The Harrisburg Patriot, of which Vance C. McCormick, former Democratic National Committee chairman, is publisher, announced Saturday it would support Wendell L. Willkie, Republican presidential nominee.

The paper said in an editorial it was "sorry" it could not support Roosevelt, whose nomination "breaks the third-term tradition as well as the hearts of millions of Democrats who hoped the dangerous and uneconomic policies of the New Deal would be repudiated and the party rededicated to fundamental principles.

Democrat Quits

SALT LAKE CITY, —(AP)—Lawrence E. Nelson withdrew his candidacy for the Utah Democratic gubernatorial nomination Friday because: "My convictions against a third term are so pronounced that I could not, in good conscience, run on a ticket that not only supported a presidential nominee for a third term, but also permitted that nominee to dictate who the vice presidential nominee should be."

Nelson, state senator from Salt Lake county, had campaigned for months.

Cobb for Willkie

DENVER, Col. —(AP)—Wendell Willkie, Republican candidate for president, Friday received a telegram from Don R. Burton, a friend of his who now is at Zolheim Grove, Cal. Burton said that Irvin S. Cobb had sent the following message to Senator Edward R. Burke (Dem. Neb.) who has announced his support of Willkie:

"As a life-long Democrat, I regret that we have to wait from 1896 to 1940 for a presidential nominee who was named neither by party bosses nor party patronage. As a life-long Democrat, I rejoice that a real fellow Democrat has been so nominated, even though it took a Republican convention to nominate him.

"The Kelly machine in Chicago, the Hague machine in New Jersey were against him. If the leaders thereof weren't snarled up with jail sentences in the Long machine in New Orleans and the Pendergast machine in Kansas City would also be against him. It appears that there was nobody much for him except just people.

"But if such anti-third term presidents as Washington, Jefferson, Jackson, Buchanan and Wilson were alive, it seems certain they would be for him. As a life-long Democrat still seeking the congenial company of practitioners of the political faith of my fathers, please enroll me as a high private in the rear ranks of the Incurable Democrats' Willkie For President Club."

"Totalitarian" Charge

WASHINGTON —(AP)—Senator Vandenberg (Rep. Mich.) asserted Friday the Roosevelt-Wallace ticket was a product of a "totalitarian convention."

Declaring a "political dictatorship" reduced the Democratic convention to the status of a "ditto mark," Vandenberg told reporters:

"The national defense of democracy against totalitarianism in Europe is a military problem but the national defense of democracy in the United States against totalitarianism is a political question which must be settled next November."

Vandenberg said the third term issue "instantly throws all other issues into bold relief. It emphasizes all the hazards, mistakes and errors of the New Deal because it proposes to perpetuate them in the personality

Oren Harris Opens Congress Race in Washington Talk

Opposes Foreign War, But Backs National Defense

500 AT MEETING

First Political Address of Season in Hempstead

Mr. Harris was introduced by Mayor side the former courthouse building in Washington Friday night to hear Oren Harris, El Dorado prosecutor, native son of Hempstead county, open his campaign for congress in the Seventh Arkansas district.

It was the first formal political address of the season in this county, and, although a heavy rain late in the afternoon held attendance down, there was substantial turnout from Hope and other points.

Mr. Harris was introduced by Mayor Arch Deloney of Washington, and the address was preceded by some amusing impersonations given by Jimmy Branch of Camden, entertainer and sound engineer who is traveling with the candidate on his tour of the 11 counties of the Seventh congressional district.

Mr. Harris scored four principal points in his speech. He declared against American participation in any foreign war; advocated complete national defense; urged the establishing of a second military academy in the South and a second naval academy in the West; and demanded the elimination of trade barriers, and discriminatory freight rates in the South.

Text of Speech

Mr. Harris' speech in full follows:

My Friends and Fellow Citizens:

It is with esteemed joy, that I am happy to come back to you, my people of Hempstead County, and officially open my candidacy for Congress of this great Congressional District. I can recall the many pleasant experiences that I have had as a barefoot boy, growing up and romping over the hills and valleys throughout this county. Often I have thought of the pleasant experiences with the many friends and associates throughout the width and breadth of Hempstead county. I appreciate very sincerely the friends of my father, whom most of you knew personally, and truthfully I can say, loved dearly. I appreciate very sincerely the friends of my father, whom most of you knew like wise, my heart is full of gratitude to the friends of my brother and entire family. You people that have ever existed, and because of the many friends who have known me throughout my entire life, and have watched my progress and success, I chose to come to Hempstead county, to make my opening address for this most important political office. It was because that many of you people of this county encouraged and solicited me to run for this office, and because of the challenge of a sense of duty to serve the people of my native birth, that I chose to make this since I was a boy hero in your midst, and I felt that you people have re-

(Continued on Page Three)

U.S. Must Put Up Millions and Demand Guarantees to Save Havana Conference

Export Pool and Hemisphere Arms Are Big Problems

American Policy Not Perfect Toward the Latins

TOO CHANGEABLE

Should Be Consistently Hard-Boiled, or Friendly

By THOMAS J. B. WENNER
NEA Special Correspondent

HAVANA — Neutral observers are pretty skeptical of the possibility of any tangible results at the Inter-American Conference of Foreign Ministers starting here in Havana this Saturday.

They look for the usual amount of handshaking, traditional Latin American courtesy with nobody trusting anybody else, a siesta after the pleasurable sessions, and a cocktail before dinner. And not much else.

U. S.

1. The United States is willing to sign on the dotted line to the tune of millions, perhaps billions of dollars, for a huge cartel to take care of exportable surpluses which the European war has piled up on docks or left rotting in warehouses of Latin American countries, and unless—

2. The U. S. is prepared to demand in return most explicit guarantees against economic and political "leakages in the sack," as well as assurances of full military co-operation for the protection of this hemisphere.

Offhand, it is a little surprising to hear highly-placed Americans in Havana take a middle-of-the-road stand on "good neighborliness" versus heavy-handed imperialism in the Caribbean and South America.

Cuba Is a Lesson For The U. S.

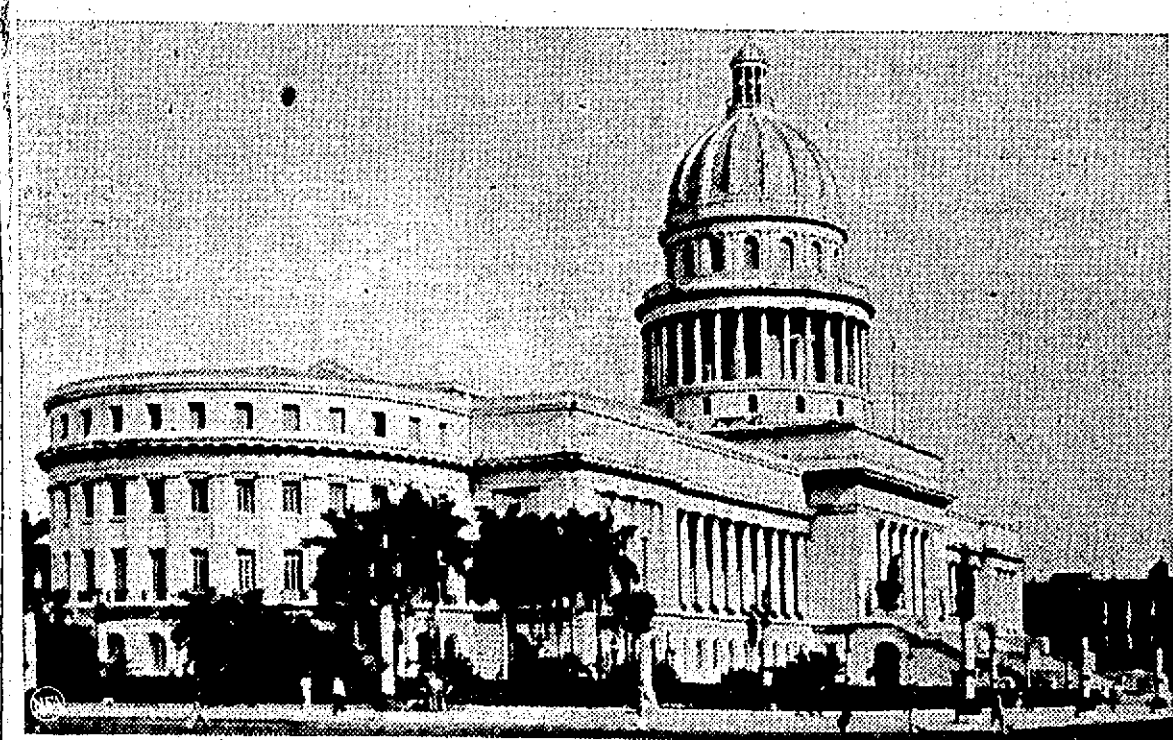
But the position does make some sense. The views of one of the leaders of American finance in the Cuban capital, with whom I talked the other day, are reasonably typical. He says:

"I have lived among these Latins 25 years, and I know them pretty well. They are often at fault, but we in the states have often made heavy handed mistakes too. One side of the picture which Washington never seems to have realized needs to be emphasized.

"We intervene in the Caribbean when we get the jitters and start to worry about expropriation of American property or when, as now, military dangers seem to be staring us in the face. We kick the Latins around and then we suddenly say to them, 'Let's all be good neighbors.'"

"The Latin is not too averse to pressure being put on it if it's consistent. Strong leadership appeals to

(Continued on Page Three)



Where the Pan American conference will meet. . . The Cuban capitol in Havana.

Tenant Purchase Applications Due

Papers Should Be Filed Under Bankhead-Jones Act

Farm families in Hempstead county, who are planning to purchase a farm under the provisions of the Bankhead-Jones Tenant Purchase Act during 1940-41 should file their applications immediately, said W. M. Sparks, rural supervisor, Saturday.

"We are anxious to get the selection of families, land and preparation of loan papers underway so that families will be able to obtain possession to their land and operate their farm during the 1941 crop season," said Mr. Sparks. To do this, it will be necessary for the applicants to file their applications now.

Families who have filed applications will be notified by the Hempstead county Tenant-purchase committee whether their application has been approved or rejected. Approved applicants will be requested to bring their applications up to date.

Owners of large tracts suitable for subdivision into family size farms, and owners of family size farms who have property for sale, may list their properties with the county committee or the county FSA Supervisor. Under the new provisions of the Bankhead-Jones Tenant Purchase Act, no farm will be purchased that is above the price of the average farm in the county.

Shover Springs Will Hold Singing Sunday

There will be a community singing at Shover Springs church Sunday night at 7:45. The public is invited.

BULLETINS

WASHINGTON —(AP)—President Roosevelt signed into law Saturday the bill authorizing a \$4,610,000 expansion of the navy designed to give the United States a "two-ocean" fleet capable of meeting any possible hostile combination.

WASHINGTON —(AP)—President Roosevelt has signed legislation extending to many thousands of state and local government employees the existing restrictions on political activity by federal workers and limiting the size of campaign contributions.

The new law becomes effective at once. The author is Senator Hatch (D. - N. M.), who wrote the original Hatch act.

Alleged Law Fees Not Put on Books

\$22,000 Put Through "Kitty," Fort Smith Testimony

FORT SMITH, Ark. —(AP)—Developing its charge that Southwestern Distilled Products, Inc., paid J. Joe W. House, Little Rock attorney, \$2,500 a month during the summer of 1939, when the company was alleged to have been engaged in an illicit liquor traffic with dry state bootleggers, the United States District Court Friday to show that these alleged fees were not entered on the company's books.

Two company officials, both under indictment, had testified concerning alleged negotiations for the payments, which they said had been represented to them as intended to cover legal fees and "to handle" law enforcement officials.

Attorneys for House, on trial with state Revenue Commissioner Z. M. McCarroll, Deputy Commissioner B. Butler Toland and Dave Sherman, Little Rock liquor wholesaler, on charges of conspiring with Southwestern to transport liquor into dry states, have contended that House's services for persons associated with Southwestern were strictly legal services, for which he was paid a \$5,000 fee.

Bookkeeper on Stand

The government placed on the stand Friday W. A. Myatt, Monroe, La., former Southwestern bookkeeper, and offered the company books in evidence to show that the amount of legal disbursements did not list the alleged monthly payments to House, although fees of various amounts to other lawyers were entered. Myatt testified the legal account showed only one payment, of \$500, to House, on October 13, 1939.

Myatt has appealed a conviction of

(Continued on Page Three)

A Thought

But thou, O Lord, art a shield for me; my glory, and the lifter up of mine head.—Psalms 33.

J. Wilson Takes Columbus Shoot

28 Participate Weekly Skeet Shoot Friday

At the weekly Wilson Skeet club shoot held Friday at Columbus Jim Wilson again captured high honors with a score of 48 out of 50. Charles Wilson and John Wilson took second and third places with scores of 45 and 43, respectively.

Twenty-eight took part in the shoot with several new shooters represented.

The scores follow:

Shot at 50

Jim Wilson 48

Charles Wilson 45

John Wilson 43

W. L. Davis 43

Leo Robins 40

G. L. Lewis 39

Frank Trimble 37

Lavey Keith 34

Otis Gilbert 34

E. P. Stewart 34

R. M. Lagrone 33

Dr. Don Smith 31

R. L. Gosnell 31

Rudolph Dickinson 30

Frank Nardine 27

C. Sloan 27

Mary Wilson 25

Nathan Coulter 25

J. W. Smith 25

W. B. Stiffey 19

Alger Lee Menell 19

B. L. Cearley 17

Carroll Nordine 15

Mrs. B. L. Cearley 14

Shot at 25

Lovely Wilson 18

R. E. Jackson 16

Hugh Clark 15

Strugis Oil Well No. 2 Is Completed Friday

TEXARKANA—Operators Completed the Standard-Sturgis No. 2 well Friday in section 1-17-27, Miller County, about three miles northeast of Foulke. The Standard-Sturgis No. 2 is a southwest offset to the Standard-Sturgis No. 1 discovery well, in the same section.

The new well will be placed on a pump because of a lack of gas pressure, but operators still can produce the 100-barrel daily allowable now in force.

Within the next 48 hours, the Standard-Sturgis No. 1 discovery well also will be placed on a pump.

Meanwhile, a rig was being removed in to the Standard-Sturgis No. 3, a southeast offset to the discovery well.

Preacher Bitten by Snake Is Insane

KNOXVILLE, Tenn. —(AP)—Preacher Jesse Pack, twice bitten while handling poisonous snakes in religious services was committed Friday to the eastern state hospital for the insane.

B. F. Chanaberry, county judge pro-tem, ordered the commitment in a hearing which followed Pack's arrest on charges of assault and trespass.

The husky, middle-aged truck driver apparently had recovered from the effects of bites by a copperhead snake that struck him during two snake-handling demonstrations a few weeks ago at Briceville, Tenn.

Mother loons carry their young about on their backs for a few days after they hatch.

Nazis Admit Radio Threats Get Poor Reception Abroad

Assault Upon England Believed Drawing Nearer

NEW BOMB RAIDS

Italians Verify Sinking of Their Crack Cruiser

By the Associated Press

Germany turned her radio propaganda guns on the British public Saturday, warning of the death and destruction it may face if it persists in refusing to take Adolf Hitler's "final" road to peace.

The Nazi objective seemed to be to sow distrust of leadership in British minds.

An English translation of Hitler's speech was broadcast repeatedly to England.

Elsewhere the impression grew that Hitler's long-threatened attack in force against the United Kingdom has come closer.

An authoritative Italian paper voiced the feeling, predicting the vast offensive now is "only a question of days."

Hostile Reception

Informed Berlin sources agreed that the first reception in Britain of Hitler's "appeal to reason" was discouraging, "rowdy" and "rude," but said it was the "plutocratic clique" speaking. German expectations were turned on the "man in the street."

The German high command reported the Nazis bombed and blasted harbors, anti-aircraft defenses, supply stations, sank a merchant ship, and damaged three other vessels and a destroyer.

It said only three German planes were lost, against 27 British planes shot down.

Italians Admit Loss

ROME —(AP)—Italy Saturday acknowledged loss of the cruiser Bartolomeo Colleoni but claimed the sinking of a British warship in a three-hour naval battle in the middle of the Mediterranean Friday.

The official news agency, Stefani, said British authorities at Gibraltar were considering sending the crack battle cruiser Black elsewhere as soon as possible because of Italian bombings of the British base.

Crossett Lumber Mill Resumes Operations

CROSSETT, Ark. —(AP)—Teh Crossett Lumber company saw mill, shut down six weeks ago because of a strike, resumed operations Friday when part of the employees who had been out on strike returned to work.

Company officials placed at 479 the number of workers who walked through picket lines to return to work. The mill normally employs about 840 workmen.

The Crossett chemical plant, an affiliated industry, did not operate but company officials estimated 40 employees went back to their jobs. This plant normally employs about 125.

A union spokesman said most of the skilled labor, machine men and sawyers were still out on strike.

Farmers Creating Jobs

DAVENPORT, Iowa —(AP)—A large increase in the number of calls from farmers for men to help with seasonal work has been reported by the Iowa State Employment Service. The active file of unemployment applicants is at the lowest point since December, 1937, and a shortage of some skilled workers has developed.

CRANIUM CRACKERS

Some Sports Posers

Here are five queries in the field of sports. How many can you answer.

1. With what sports are these trophies associated? (a) Davis; (b) Walker; (c) Lipton; (d) Wightman.

2. Here are the names of five places commonly connected with some sport; link them with these sports. (a) Poughkeepsie; (b) Wimbledon; (c) Pimlico; (d) Indianapolis; (e) Cleveland.

3. With what sports do you associate the following figures: (a) Jack E. Lovelock; (b) Dazzy Vance; (c) Gene Sarazen; (d) Jack Sharkey; (e) M. E. McLoughlin.

4. What is the name of the playing area for these sports? (a) Hockey; (b) baseball; (c) basketball; (d) football; (e) golf.

5. In what sports are these terms used? (a) Foul; (b) niblick; (c) crosse; (d) bird; (e) wicket.

Answers on Page Two

United States Rushes Alaskan Defense

This revealing article on today's Alaskan defense problem is a collaboration by Bruce Catton, NEA Service Washington correspondent, and Sherman Montrose of the NEA San Francisco bureau, who recently flew to Alaska on the first scheduled trip of the new Pan American Airways route.

By BRUCE CATTON AND SHERMAN MONTROSE

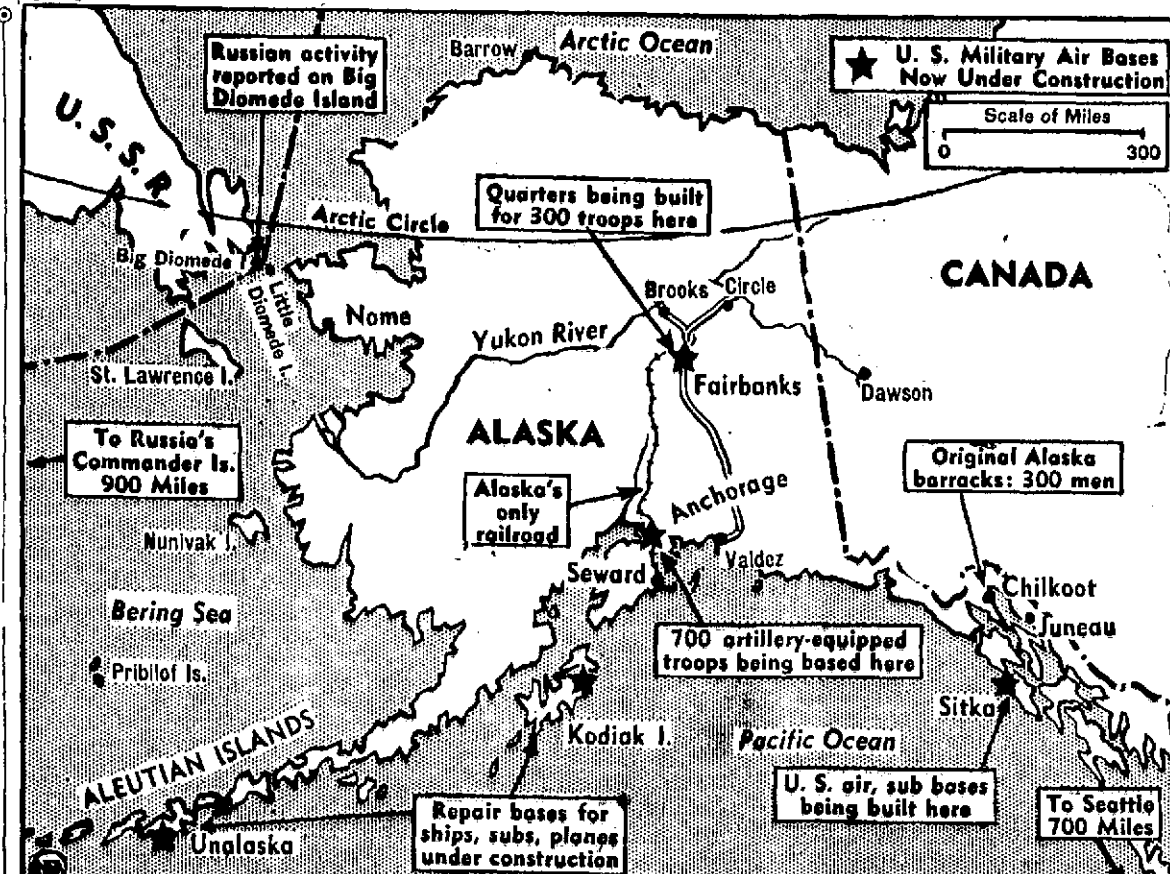
JUNEAU, Alaska — Two possibilities—a Japanese-Russian agreement and a European development that would require transfer of the bulk of the fleet to the Atlantic—have sent the United States into action to defend Alaska, vast, rich territory so long undefended.

As the Japanese army tries to build up an "incident" over arrest of armed Japanese secret service men by U. S. marines in Shanghai, military experts point out that Alaska is as vital to west coast defense against attack from Asia as is Hawaii. Alaska is a short hop for bombing planes from the Asiatic mainland.

Millions are being poured into Alaskan defense. Six hundred men are working on a great airport at Fairbanks that will have 10,000-foot runways, complete base facilities, and quarters for 300 infantry in addition to the air personnel.

More than 700 troops are on their way to Anchorage, where the army's

(Continued on Page Four)



The U. S. is beginning to pay some attention to vulnerable Alaska, strengthening defenses there.

Hope Star

Published every week-day afternoon by Star Publishing Co., Inc. (Incorporated in the State of Arkansas) at the Star Building, 212-214 South Walnut Street, Hope, Ark.

C. S. PALMER, President
ALEX. H. WASHBURN, Editor and Publisher

(AP) — Means Associated Press.
 (NEA) — Means Newspaper Enterprise Ass'n.

Subscription Rate (Always Payable in Advance): By city carrier, per week 15c; per month \$4.00; per year \$45.00. By mail, in Hope, Arkansas, Nevada, Howard, Miller, and Lafayette counties, \$3.50 per year; elsewhere, \$4.50.

Member of the Associated Press: The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news here.

Changes on Terms, Etc.: Charge will be made for all transfers, corrections, resolutions, or memorials, concerning the departed, commercial newspapers held to this paper for publication of news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news here.

Political Announcements

The Star is authorized to announce the following candidates subject to the action of the Hempstead County Democratic primary election, Tuesday August 13th.

For Congress
OREN HARRIS
WADE KITCHENS

For County Judge
FRED A. LUCK
JOHN L. WILSON
LUTHER F. HIGGASON

For County Treasurer
NEWT PENTECOST
MRS. GLADINE B. MORRIS
CHARLES F. REYNOLSON

For Circuit Clerk
CECIL WEAVER
J. P. (Pinkey) BYERS
ELMER BROWN

For Representative
No. 1
TALBOT FEILD, JR.
HUGH D. CLARK
No. 2
JIM BEARDEN
ROYCE WEISENBERGER

TWENTY YEARS AGO

From the Columns of The Star of Hope

Our Precocious Pupils

It is hard even for Americans in this hard-boiled world of 1940 to realize how very soft-boiled we were in 1920. Boy, did we have illusions! The war with Spain was just over, and the army was up to the hips in the unpleasant task of "pacifying" the Philippines. "Underneath the starry flag, civilize 'em with a Krag!" was a popular song among soldiers, who, waist-deep in Philippine jungles, had fewer illusions than the folks back home.

Today's cynicism attributes the American adventures in the Philippines and in Cuba to pure financial imperialism. Perhaps that entered into the picture, but there was much more to it than that.

People in general felt that in the American form of government and in the American social system they had something precious, the very last word in how to live. They wanted to share it, to evangelize. They wanted, sincerely wanted, to lift up the "little brown brothers" to their own exalted level. They spent money like water to build schools, and American girls went out to Luzon to teach little Tagalog kids the multiplication table. Earnest Americans in white suits sweated over problems of sanitation and administration.

All this was fine enough, and we have nothing to regret. We meant well.

But alas, nothing is more futile than to expect one people to put on and wear without alteration a suit of governmental clothes cut for somebody else. It never works, as Herr Hitler is apt to find out some of these days.

What do we have, 40 years later? We have President Manuel Quezon of the Philippine Commonwealth pointing out that he favors a new type of democracy wherein individual liberties are curtailed and the two-party system is abandoned. Old concepts of personal and property rights must yield to the demands of social justice, says Quezon.

And in Cuba we find a former army sergeant who rose to power by insurrection, just becoming the legitimate president under a new constitution far more "socialized" than our own, and owing his elevation to a strange alliance of Communists, assorted left-wingers, and the remainder of the notorious old Machado dictatorial machine. Nobody even in Cuba understands very exactly just what this means.

None of this is said critically. Perhaps both Quezon and Batista have adopted precisely the sort of government their countries need at the

Mrs. Will Greene left this morning for a visit to Ashdown and Gorman, Texas.

Mrs. Effie Stell left this afternoon for a visit to her aunt, Mrs. A. E. Carter in Little Rock.

Mrs. Terrell Cornelius has returned to her home in Hugo, Oklahoma, after a pleasant visit with her mother here.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Giles and little daughter, Jimmy, of Hot Springs, arrived of his mother.

Dr. J. A. Houser and little daughter, Jim, of Marion, Indiana, arrived last night for a visit with Mrs. Mattie Williams.

Miss Marie Bennett left yesterday afternoon for a trip to Niagara Falls, Pittsburgh, Pa., Cleveland, Ohio, Baltimore, Maryland, and other places of interest in that section.

Miss Mary Margaret Anders who is spending the summer at Nashville at the home of her uncle, Mr. Andrew Johnson, spent yesterday with friends here.

WE THE WOMEN

Be as Realistic About Your Marriage as About Your Job.

By RUTH MILLET

Fewer women would get divorces after several years of marriage if women could be as realistic about their marriages as they were about their jobs.

Mary got along with a lot of per-

moment.

At this distance we can't be sure. Which is exactly the point.

We are just as sure as we were 40 years ago that the American republic is the government for us. But we aren't quite so sure that it is therefore best for everybody else.

CLASSIFIED

COLUMNS OF OPPORTUNITIES

"THE MORE YOU TELL THE QUICKER YOU SELL"

You can talk to only one man
 Want Ads talk to Thousands
 SELL, RENT, BUY OR SWAP

All Want Ads cash in advance. Not taken over the Phone

One time—2c word, minimum 30c
 Six times—5c word, minimum 75c
 Three times—3½c word, minimum 50c
 One month—1½c word, minimum \$2.75
 Rates are for continuous insertions only

For Sale

CERTIFIED WATCH REPAIRING
 Stewart's Jewelry Store
 First National Bank Building
 1-lmo

PEACHES NOW READY. GET YOUR
 canning peaches early. 50c Bu. & up. According to grade. Special attention to orders for fancy peaches.
 E. M. McWilliams Seed Store.
 2-lmo

FOR SALE OLD NEWSPAPERS—5c
 Per bundle. Apply Hope Star, 20-d.

PONCA'S BEST FLOUR. FOR BETTER
 baking. Sold at all leading groceries. Hope Feed Co. Wholesale Distributors.
 12-lmo

DISTRIBUTORS OF HENS AND BROILERS.
 Call 745. We deliver. McRae Mill and Feed Co.
 12-lmo

KOLD KRUNCH — CHOCOLATE
 covered ice cream on a stick, at Cole's Ice Cream Stores.
 3-lmo

NEW AND USED FURNITURE.
 Bargain. See us before you buy or sell. Franklin Furniture Co. South Elm.
 1-lmo

BUY ON CREDIT. TIRES, BATTERIES, radios and accessories. Prices and terms to suit your income. Easy Pay Tire Store. S. Walnut street Phone 105.
 28-lmo

SINGLETON'S FRESH ROASTED
 coffee. 1 pound 10c. 2½ pounds 25c. 5 pounds 50c. 10 pounds \$1.00. Sold only by W. P. Singleton, 113 South Elm street Hope, Ark. Best place in Hope to buy coffee. 17-lmo

Services Offered

GUARANTEED SHOE REPAIR—NEW
 equipment. Experienced operator. Mr. Bailey at McDowell's, 114 East Third.
 28-lmo

ENJOY YOUR RADIO AT ITS
 best by having it serviced in our Radio Service Department. Service on all makes by our Certified Radio Experts. Whitten-York Furn. Co. Phone 945.
 17-12tc

EYES EXAMINED GLASSES FITTED
 Skeffington method. Approved American Optometrical Assn. Dr. R. H. Hannah, 116½ S. Elm.
 8-6tc

GUARANTEED BODY AND FENDER
 work. Special prices on paint jobs. Auto Repair, Luck Motor Co. South Walnut.
 1-lmo

NEW ROOF? PAINT? PAPER? LET
 us show you how you can have any repair work done, and pay for both labor and materials in small monthly payments. Hempstead Co. Lumber Co.
 15-15tc

Real Estate For Sale

6 ROOMS. MODERN. 1½ LOTS. GARAGE. Other out houses. Well located. Price \$700.
 C. B. TYLER

BUSINESS LOCATION. 1½ BLOCKS
 from Post Office. Returning satisfactory revenue. Sacrifice for cash.
 C. B. TYLER

Ancient Egyptians made their
 coffins of cork.

Notice

FARMERS, SPORTSMEN, ETC., HAVE
 your fresh meat by using our Freezer-Locker service. We also cure meat the entire year. Home Ice Co. E. 3rd St. M-11

A GOLD FISH DEPARTMENT HAS
 recently been added to our store. Scott's 5 & 10c Store. 13-6tp

For Rent

4 ROOM FURNISHED PRIVATE
 apartment. Garage. J. A. Sullivan, Phone 147. 9U

3 ROOM UNFURNISHED APARTMENT. Also 1 bedroom with private bath. Carl Smith, Phone 655-w. 21-3tp

3 ROOM UNFURNISHED APARTMENT. Modern. Garage and private entrance. 801 South Main. Phone 657-W. 18-3tc

Lost

1 PAIR BI-FOCAL GLASSES. If found, call 768. Hope Star. 18-3tc.

Wanted

YOUR VOTE AND SUPPORT FOR
 Hempstead County Treasurer. J. Neut Pentecost. 15-lmo

Salesman Wanted

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR
 one with ability. Sell retrained unwanted quality tires, reasonably priced, protected territory, high commission, drawing account considered. Planet Tire & Rubber, 145 Public Square, Cleveland, Ohio. 20-11

Lost

SMALL DIAMOND FROM RING
 mounting. Reward. Return to Rephan Store, Hope. 20-3tc

The Farmer Was a Lawyer, Too

LAUSANNE—(P)—Swiss hotel keepers will have to think it over before giving credit to customers, following the sad experience one had with a farmer who knew the law.

The farmer made a deal with a hotel keeper whereby the farmer would furnish his products to the hotel to be

marked to his credit against drinks.

All went well until the hotel keeper found that the farmer drank a lot more than he was entitled to on the strength of his deliveries of vegetables.

One day the hotel keeper demanded a settlement because the farmer had delivered \$45 worth of goods and drunk \$98 worth of wine and brandy.

The farmer invoked an old law which forbids tavern-keepers from dispensing drinks on credit.

The case went as far as the Federal Supreme Court, which ruled that the hotel keeper was not entitled to his money.

Answer to Cranium Cracker

Questions for Page One

1. (a) Tennis; (b) golf; (c) yachting; (d) women's tennis.
2. (a) Intercollegiate rowing; (b) tennis; (c) horse racing; (d) auto racing; (e) air racing.
3. (a) Truck; (b) baseball; (c) golf; (d) boxing; (e) tennis.
4. (a) Ring; (b) diamond; (c) court; (d) gridiron; (e) links.
5. (a) Fencing; (b) golf; (c) lacrosse; (d) badminton; (e) cricket.

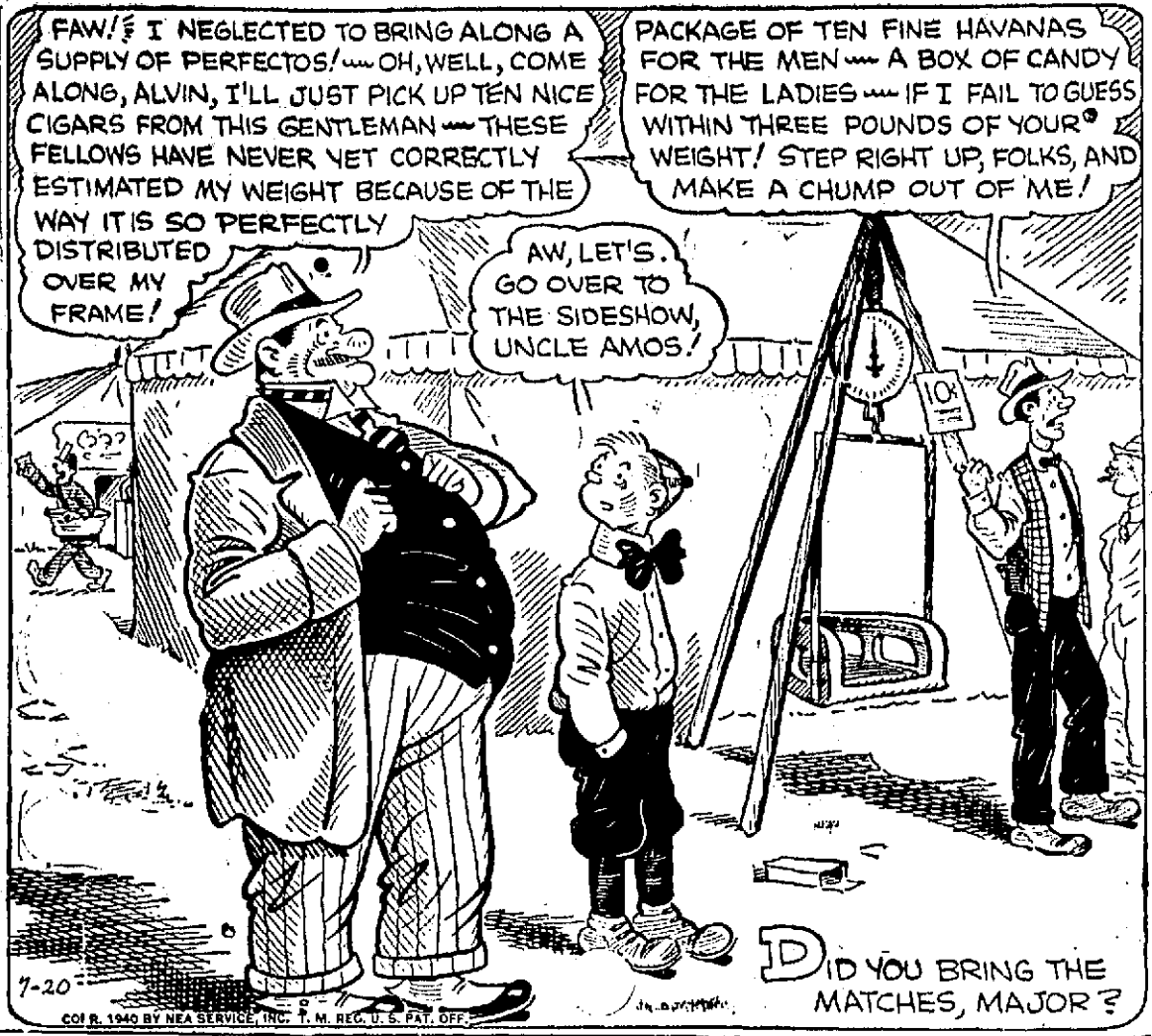
Ninety-four per cent of an armadillo's diet consists of cut-worms, beetles and ants.

Male bumblebees do not survive the rigors of the winter months.

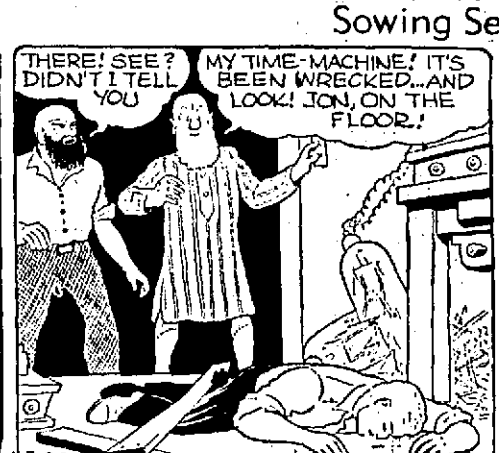
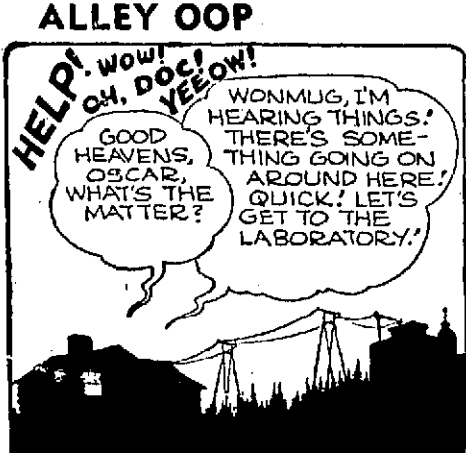
G. E. HOTPOINT REFRIGERATORS
 Special trade Allowance on Old Box
HARRY W. SHIVER
 Plumbing Phone 259

OUR BOARDING HOUSE

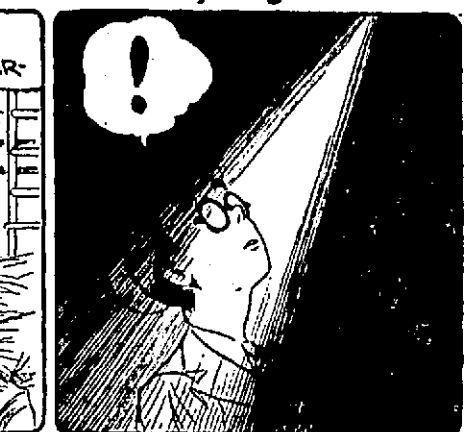
with . . . Major Hoople



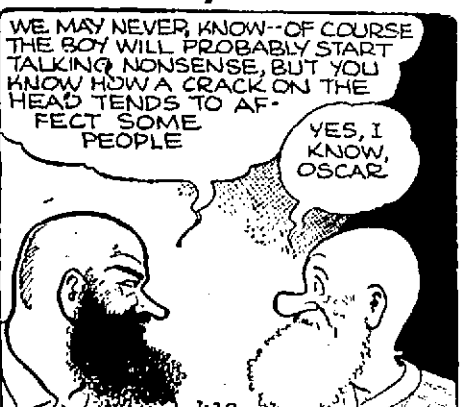
BOOTS AND HER BUDDIES



The Eavesdropper

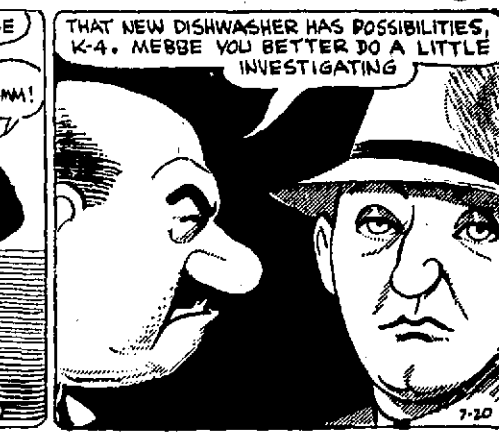
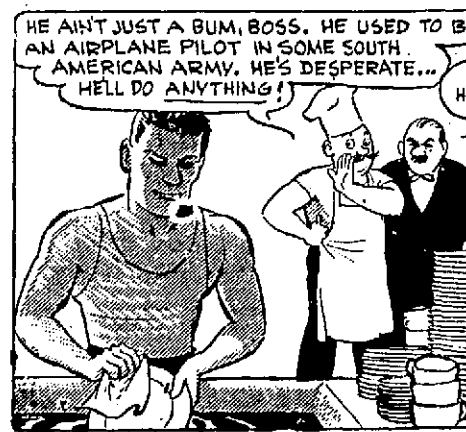


Sowing Seeds of Doubt

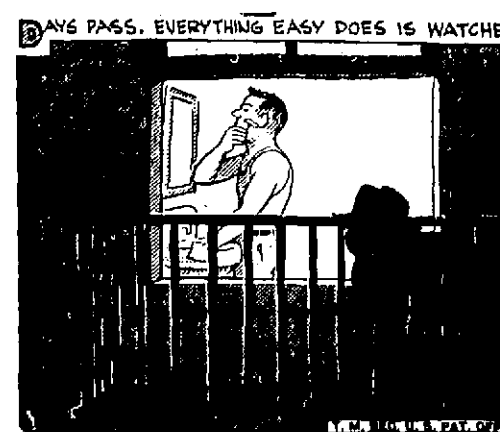


By V. T. Hamlin

WASH TUBBS

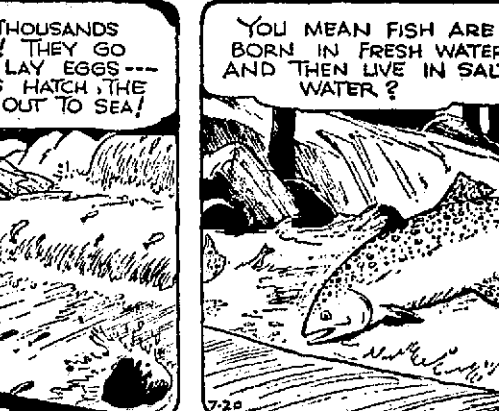
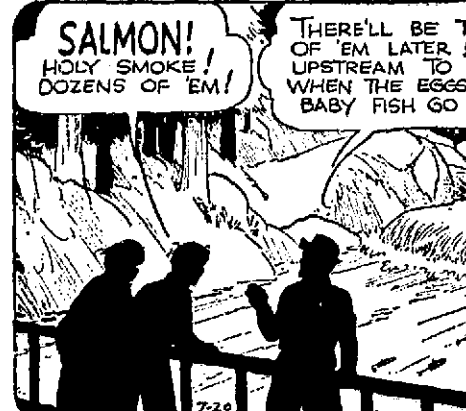


Getting the Lowdown

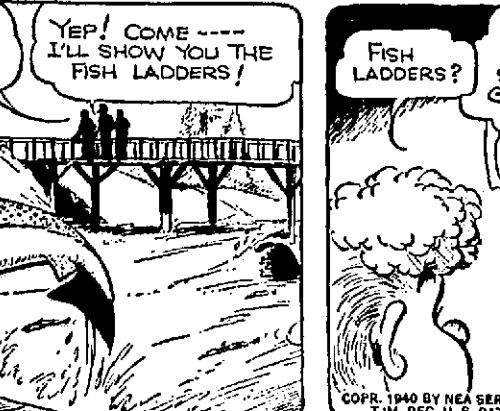


By Roy Crane

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



Lard Has His Doubts

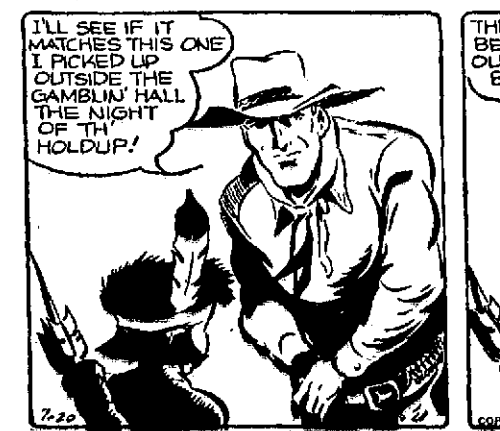


By Merrill Blosser

RED RYDER



On the Trail



By Fred Harman

ORCHESTRAL INSTRUMENT

HORIZONTAL

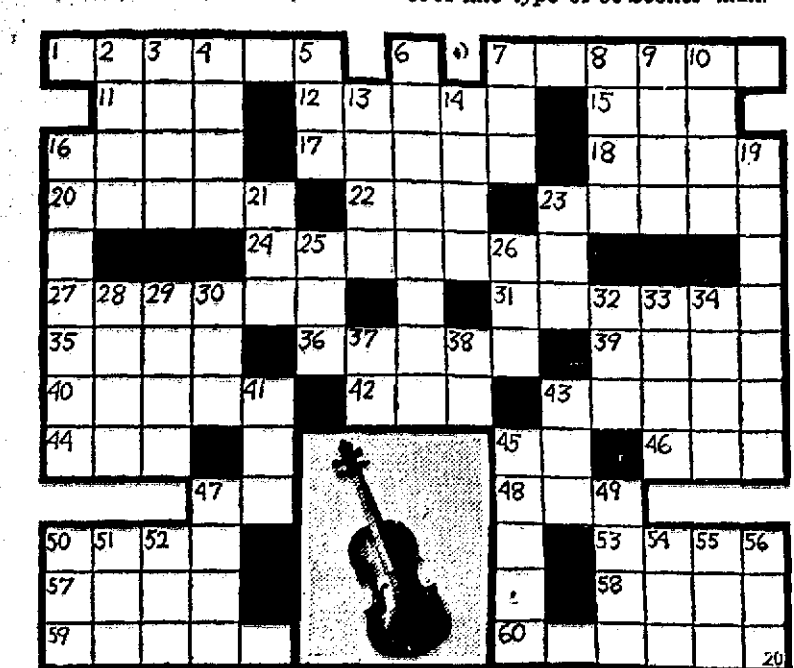
1 First instrument in an orchestra.
 7 It is a instrument of the viol class.
 11 To perish.
 12 European shad.
 15 By way of.
 16 Stone implement.
 17 Stabbed.
 18 Wayside hotels.
 20 Clivet.
 22 Monkey.
 23 Fold.
 24 To sanction.
 27 To blot.
 31 Wild sheep.
 35 Hideous giant.
 36 Fatigued.
 39 Opposite of closed.
 40 Requirements.
 42 Sneaky.
 43 Wasp bite.
 44 Copper.
 45 New England (abbr.).

Answer to Previous Puzzle

1 TURKEY
 2 CLOTH
 3 BIRD
 4 SHAD
 5 STONE
 6 IMPLEMENT
 7 STAB
 8 WAYSIDE
 9 HOTEL
 10 CLIVET
 11 MONKEY
 12 FOLD
 13 SANCTION
 14 BLOT
 15 WILD SHEEP
 16 HIDEOUS
 17 GIANT
 18 FATIGUED
 19 OPPOSITE
 20 REQUIREMENTS
 21 SNEAKY
 22 WASP
 23 BITE
 24 COPPER
 25 NEW ENGLAND

VERTICAL

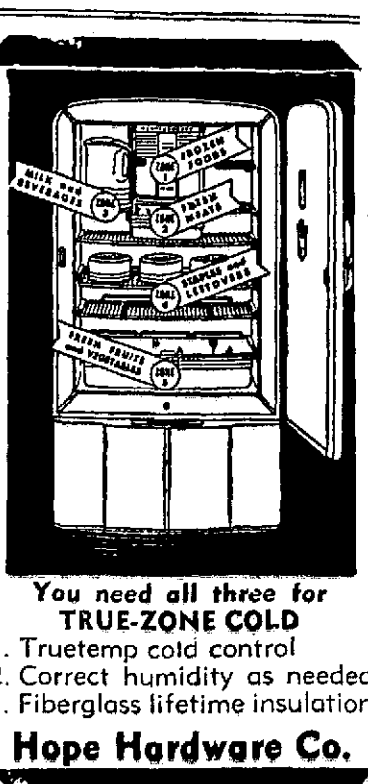
19 It has four.
 21 Snaky fish.
 23 By.
 25 Modern.
 28 To mention.
 29 S-molding.
 30 To spread.
 32 Obtained.
 33 Honeybee.
 34 Cotton fabric.
 37 Electrical term.
 38 Railway (abbr.).
 41 To bring legal suit.
 43 Indian weight.
 45 Viceroy in India.
 47 Small bird.
 49 Wise men.
 50 Beast of burden.
 51 Dove's cry.
 52 Rattle bird.
 54 Cot.
 55 To loiter.
 56 Sooner than.



MARKET REPORT

Courtesy McRae Mill & Feed Co.

Heavy Hens 10c lb.
 Leghorns 9c lb.
 Broilers—light 13c lb; heavy 15c lb.
 Eggs 11c doz.
 Geese 50c - 60c each
 Ducks 20c - 25c each



SOCIETY

Daisy Dorothy Heard, Editor Telephone 768

Social Calendar

Monday, July 22nd

Women's Missionary Society of the First Baptist Church, meet at the church for Bible study led by Mrs. F. L. Padgett, 4 p. m.

Announcement

All persons who have old magazines and wish to help a worthy cause are asked to call Mrs. Joe Floyd, Mrs. Jewell Moore, or Mrs. B. L. Rettig. They are members of the committee from the Christian church to get a carload of old magazines in order to help obtain money for a building project.

Mrs. Raymond Jones Entertained

Friday Club
The members of the Friday bridge club met at the home of Mrs. Raymond Jones on Friday afternoon for their weekly group of games. The rooms were decorated with a profusion of lovely summer flowers in brilliant colors.

The guests played bridge from three tables and Mrs. Lawrence Martin received high score for the club members and Mrs. Bernal Holt made high score for the guests.

The hostess served a delightful sandwich plate with fruit punch to the members and the following guests, Mrs. Franklin Horton, Mrs. Bill Wray, Mrs. Vincent Foster, and Mrs. Bernal Holt of Harrison.

Mrs. Porterfield and Mrs. Kinser Honor Mrs. Malcolm Porterfield

On Thursday afternoon, Mrs. Floyd Porterfield and Mrs. Thomas Kinser invited twenty of their friends to the home of the former for an informal tea honoring Mrs. Malcolm Porterfield, who was before her recent marriage Miss Ruby Walker of Little Rock.

Early summer flowers in artistic arrangements were noted at vintage points throughout the reception suite. During the afternoon, delicious ices in the chosen color scheme were served to the guests.

The home of Mrs. Kinser formed the setting for an afternoon bridge when Mrs. Porterfield chose to compliment Mrs. M. Porterfield. Brilliant summer flowers in several shades and varieties formed the effective house decorations.

Seven tables were arranged for the players and after a number of enjoyable games, the hostesses served a delicious ice course to the guests.

The honoree was presented with a dainty gift and the high score prize was awarded to Mrs. Mack Duffie. Mrs. Tom McLarty received the cut prize.

Mrs. Dick Forester Is Hostess on Friday Afternoon

Mrs. Lyle Moore received the high score prize at the afternoon bridge given by Mrs. Dick Forester on Friday afternoon.

Artistic arrangements of red radishes and summer garden flowers were noted at vintage points throughout the house. Two tables were arranged for the players who enjoyed a number of interesting games. During the afternoon, the hostess served a delicious salad plate with "cokes."

Mrs. Dick White Entertains for Her Guest, Miss Wanda Billingslea

Mrs. Dick White entertained the following young ladies with a swimming party at the "Pines" on Saturday morning as a special compliment to Miss Wanda Billingslea of Little Rock. Miss Billingslea, Miss Nancy Hill, Miss Nell Louise Broyles, Miss Eleanor Jane Field of Little Rock, and Miss Marjory Wildy and Miss Mary Wilson.

Woodman Circle Drill Team Has Social on Friday Night

The members of the Woodman Circle drill team were hostesses on Friday night at the Woodman Hall. Mrs. Patricia Goldstick of Little Rock, who is state manager, was a special guest.

The first of the evening entertainments was an interesting musical selection. After this several games were played by the guests.

Mrs. Rutledge, Mrs. Coleman, Miss Nettie Wiggins, Miss Ruth Ellen Boswell, Miss Elizabeth Rea Wiggins, Mrs. Turner, Miss Audie May Harrison, and Captain Gertrude Smith were the members of the drill team which demonstrated the work of that group.

The program closed with a piano selection by Miss June Hariston.

At the conclusion of the meeting delicious refreshments were served to the members of the circle present and the several Woodmen who were present.

Personal Mention

Mrs. M. M. Spencer of Dallas, Texas, the guest of her sister, Mrs. R. L. Patterson and Mr. Patterson.

Mrs. Lee Williams and daughter, Sarah, of Sheridan are the guests of Mrs. William's niece, Mrs. Paul H. Jones and Mr. Jones.

Mrs. Comer Bayett will return this weekend from Shreveport, where she has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Winkler.

Mrs. Ross McKissack and Little daughter, Carolyn, of Corpus Christi are the guests of Mrs. McKissack's brother, Ralph Bailey and Mrs. Bailey.

Mr. Bailey Smith of Henderson, Texas was a Thursday business visi-

Bruce Catton Says:

By BRUCE CATTON
NEA Washington Correspondent

Party Controlled By His Followers, Convention Shows

CHICAGO — In some ways the most striking thing about the entire Democratic convention was the way the New Deal administrative men from Washington showed up at Chicago and blandly insisted they were just here for the view.

While machine men like Mayor Edward J. Kelly of Chicago and Mayor Frank Hague of Jersey City plugged manfully for a third term, the inner circle New Dealers quietly slipped into town and either held court in hotel rooms or circulated about seeing this person and that person.

Ostensibly, most of them weren't here on politics at all; like the lady in the department store, they were just looking. But if the third term drive wasn't boosted along by this host, a lot of people here misjudged things entirely.

Five members of the cabinet were on hand—Secretary of Interior Ickes, Secretary of Agriculture Wallace, Secretary of Labor Perkins, Attorney General Jackson and—last but not least—Secretary of Commerce Hopkins.

The just-below-cabinet-rank group included Solicitor General Francis Biddle, Assistant Attorney General Matt Maguire, and Under-Secretaries of Interior Chapman and Wirtz—the latter a delegate from Texas.

Other New Deal administrators present were Lower of the President's office, Charles West, of the processing tax board of review; Leon Henderson, of the Securities and Exchange Commission; Victor Sholis and Fred Poling, of the Commerce Department information service, and James Allen, head of Justice Department's information section.

Effort to Remold Party a Success
Appearance at the convention of this group was a visible symbol that the President's long struggle to remold the Democratic party into an organization dominated by persons sympathetic to his social and economic policies has met with pretty complete success.

Yet in this success there remains what was there from the start—a vulgar mixture of devoted "political amateurs" like Jackson and Hopkins, and the supposedly more practical machine leaders like Mayors Kelly and Hague, Ed Flynn of New York and Senator Joe Guffey of Pennsylvania.

Leavening the mixture, sometimes serving as a binder to keep the two parts together, are such men as Senator Wagner of New York, Senator Byrnes of South Carolina, Senator Hill of Alabama, Congressman Sam Rayburn of Texas, and Senator Pepper of Florida.

Purge Flopped, But Ends Have Gained
Through most of the Roosevelt ad-

ministration, the party was composed of essentially inharmonious factions kept in harness largely by the fact that all hands knew success rested on Roosevelt's vote-getting capacity. They kept drifting further apart, as the party got more firmly entrenched in office; the famous and unsuccessful "purge" in the 1938 campaign was a more or less inevitable result.

But the point now is that although the purge was a flop, the end which FDR was after when he started it has now been practically gained.

Most of the men at whom the purge was directed remain in public life, and are active—such men as Senators Tydings, George, Gillette and Smith. Some, like Gillette, have more or less made peace with the administration; others are bitter. But in either case the control of the party has passed solidly in this way, and that if they were to be so foolish, that this country need have no fear of a successful invasion. Time is very important in the safe-guarding of our American Democracy. Even though the cost is great, even though you and I must sacrifice, in order to safeguard the principles which our fathers established in this world, we must be prepared with our army and navy to protect our people from any aggression. Our ideal and objective is self peace, peace at home and peace abroad, but there is no peace today in this world for a nation that is not powerful enough to defend its ideals. We must be strong, and it is a tremendous and challenging task, but it is one which a united American people can and will perform.

Challenge Across Waters
Some years ago, one of our great leaders recognized that sooner or later, the new world would be challenged by aggression from the vicious forces across the waters. He saw how our people would be faced with aggression by permitting those forces to gain foothold in the countries of the Western Hemisphere. Because of the foresight of that great man, the Monroe Doctrine was adopted, and it has been preserved by this country during all of these years. We saw how, many many days ago, when Hitler, the German Dictator, threw out his warning as to what his attitude was, and I believe today, as never before, that we should safeguard this great policy, the Monroe Doctrine. That we should see that this country is never threatened by aggression in any of the American countries, and that we should prepare to repel not only the aggression of the United States, but of the entire Western Hemisphere.

We must have a program, not only that provides for military preparedness, but one for economic preparedness, to meet the situation that will exist because of world conditions. The real struggle will be for economic advantages, but the greatest problem that we have here in our midst and which is more threatening to the true principles of American life, is the un-American and Fifth Columnists

forced to withstand the greed and selfishness of a mad man, and I believe our sympathies should go far enough to extend to the opponents of such mad force, the material resources of this nation, and any assistance, short of our Army and Navy.

Our immediate problem is to prepare this country, with an adequate defense to meet any emergency, to repel force with force. We have seen how other countries sat idly by, and watched the aggressor nations prepare themselves to force their way, and the people of this country can not, and will not, sit idly by without the proper preparedness. I believe in preparedness to insure against foreign invasion, and a preparedness that will make the Western Hemisphere impregnable. The time has come when we must have a navy strong enough to protect both our Atlantic and Pacific coasts, an air force strong enough that no foreign power would dare even think of war against us, and that if they were to be so foolish, that this country need have no fear of a successful invasion. Time is very important in the safe-guarding of our American Democracy. Even though the cost is great, even though you and I must sacrifice, in order to safeguard the principles which our fathers established in this world, we must be prepared with our army and navy to protect our people from any aggression. Our ideal and objective is self peace, peace at home and peace abroad, but there is no peace today in this world for a nation that is not powerful enough to defend its ideals. We must be strong, and it is a tremendous and challenging task, but it is one which a united American people can and will perform.

Challenge Across Waters
Some years ago, one of our great leaders recognized that sooner or later, the new world would be challenged by aggression from the vicious forces across the waters. He saw how our people would be faced with aggression by permitting those forces to gain foothold in the countries of the Western Hemisphere. Because of the foresight of that great man, the Monroe Doctrine was adopted, and it has been preserved by this country during all of these years. We saw how, many many days ago, when Hitler, the German Dictator, threw out his warning as to what his attitude was, and I believe today, as never before, that we should safeguard this great policy, the Monroe Doctrine. That we should see that this country is never threatened by aggression in any of the American countries, and that we should prepare to repel not only the aggression of the United States, but of the entire Western Hemisphere.

We must have a program, not only that provides for military preparedness, but one for economic preparedness, to meet the situation that will exist because of world conditions. The real struggle will be for economic advantages, but the greatest problem that we have here in our midst and which is more threatening to the true principles of American life, is the un-American and Fifth Columnists

forced to withstand the greed and selfishness of a mad man, and I believe our sympathies should go far enough to extend to the opponents of such mad force, the material resources of this nation, and any assistance, short of our Army and Navy.

Our immediate problem is to prepare this country, with an adequate defense to meet any emergency, to repel force with force. We have seen how other countries sat idly by, and watched the aggressor nations prepare themselves to force their way, and the people of this country can not, and will not, sit idly by without the proper preparedness. I believe in preparedness to insure against foreign invasion, and a preparedness that will make the Western Hemisphere impregnable. The time has come when we must have a navy strong enough to protect both our Atlantic and Pacific coasts, an air force strong enough that no foreign power would dare even think of war against us, and that if they were to be so foolish, that this country need have no fear of a successful invasion. Time is very important in the safe-guarding of our American Democracy. Even though the cost is great, even though you and I must sacrifice, in order to safeguard the principles which our fathers established in this world, we must be prepared with our army and navy to protect our people from any aggression. Our ideal and objective is self peace, peace at home and peace abroad, but there is no peace today in this world for a nation that is not powerful enough to defend its ideals. We must be strong, and it is a tremendous and challenging task, but it is one which a united American people can and will perform.

Challenge Across Waters
Some years ago, one of our great leaders recognized that sooner or later, the new world would be challenged by aggression from the vicious forces across the waters. He saw how our people would be faced with aggression by permitting those forces to gain foothold in the countries of the Western Hemisphere. Because of the foresight of that great man, the Monroe Doctrine was adopted, and it has been preserved by this country during all of these years. We saw how, many many days ago, when Hitler, the German Dictator, threw out his warning as to what his attitude was, and I believe today, as never before, that we should safeguard this great policy, the Monroe Doctrine. That we should see that this country is never threatened by aggression in any of the American countries, and that we should prepare to repel not only the aggression of the United States, but of the entire Western Hemisphere.

We must have a program, not only that provides for military preparedness, but one for economic preparedness, to meet the situation that will exist because of world conditions. The real struggle will be for economic advantages, but the greatest problem that we have here in our midst and which is more threatening to the true principles of American life, is the un-American and Fifth Columnists

forced to withstand the greed and selfishness of a mad man, and I believe our sympathies should go far enough to extend to the opponents of such mad force, the material resources of this nation, and any assistance, short of our Army and Navy.

Our immediate problem is to prepare this country, with an adequate defense to meet any emergency, to repel force with force. We have seen how other countries sat idly by, and watched the aggressor nations prepare themselves to force their way, and the people of this country can not, and will not, sit idly by without the proper preparedness. I believe in preparedness to insure against foreign invasion, and a preparedness that will make the Western Hemisphere impregnable. The time has come when we must have a navy strong enough to protect both our Atlantic and Pacific coasts, an air force strong enough that no foreign power would dare even think of war against us, and that if they were to be so foolish, that this country need have no fear of a successful invasion. Time is very important in the safe-guarding of our American Democracy. Even though the cost is great, even though you and I must sacrifice, in order to safeguard the principles which our fathers established in this world, we must be prepared with our army and navy to protect our people from any aggression. Our ideal and objective is self peace, peace at home and peace abroad, but there is no peace today in this world for a nation that is not powerful enough to defend its ideals. We must be strong, and it is a tremendous and challenging task, but it is one which a united American people can and will perform.

Challenge Across Waters
Some years ago, one of our great leaders recognized that sooner or later, the new world would be challenged by aggression from the vicious forces across the waters. He saw how our people would be faced with aggression by permitting those forces to gain foothold in the countries of the Western Hemisphere. Because of the foresight of that great man, the Monroe Doctrine was adopted, and it has been preserved by this country during all of these years. We saw how, many many days ago, when Hitler, the German Dictator, threw out his warning as to what his attitude was, and I believe today, as never before, that we should safeguard this great policy, the Monroe Doctrine. That we should see that this country is never threatened by aggression in any of the American countries, and that we should prepare to repel not only the aggression of the United States, but of the entire Western Hemisphere.

We must have a program, not only that provides for military preparedness, but one for economic preparedness, to meet the situation that will exist because of world conditions. The real struggle will be for economic advantages, but the greatest problem that we have here in our midst and which is more threatening to the true principles of American life, is the un-American and Fifth Columnists

forced to withstand the greed and selfishness of a mad man, and I believe our sympathies should go far enough to extend to the opponents of such mad force, the material resources of this nation, and any assistance, short of our Army and Navy.

Our immediate problem is to prepare this country, with an adequate defense to meet any emergency, to repel force with force. We have seen how other countries sat idly by, and watched the aggressor nations prepare themselves to force their way, and the people of this country can not, and will not, sit idly by without the proper preparedness. I believe in preparedness to insure against foreign invasion, and a preparedness that will make the Western Hemisphere impregnable. The time has come when we must have a navy strong enough to protect both our Atlantic and Pacific coasts, an air force strong enough that no foreign power would dare even think of war against us, and that if they were to be so foolish, that this country need have no fear of a successful invasion. Time is very important in the safe-guarding of our American Democracy. Even though the cost is great, even though you and I must sacrifice, in order to safeguard the principles which our fathers established in this world, we must be prepared with our army and navy to protect our people from any aggression. Our ideal and objective is self peace, peace at home and peace abroad, but there is no peace today in this world for a nation that is not powerful enough to defend its ideals. We must be strong, and it is a tremendous and challenging task, but it is one which a united American people can and will perform.

Challenge Across Waters
Some years ago, one of our great leaders recognized that sooner or later, the new world would be challenged by aggression from the vicious forces across the waters. He saw how our people would be faced with aggression by permitting those forces to gain foothold in the countries of the Western Hemisphere. Because of the foresight of that great man, the Monroe Doctrine was adopted, and it has been preserved by this country during all of these years. We saw how, many many days ago, when Hitler, the German Dictator, threw out his warning as to what his attitude was, and I believe today, as never before, that we should safeguard this great policy, the Monroe Doctrine. That we should see that this country is never threatened by aggression in any of the American countries, and that we should prepare to repel not only the aggression of the United States, but of the entire Western Hemisphere.

We must have a program, not only that provides for military preparedness, but one for economic preparedness, to meet the situation that will exist because of world conditions. The real struggle will be for economic advantages, but the greatest problem that we have here in our midst and which is more threatening to the true principles of American life, is the un-American and Fifth Columnists

forced to withstand the greed and selfishness of a mad man, and I believe our sympathies should go far enough to extend to the opponents of such mad force, the material resources of this nation, and any assistance, short of our Army and Navy.

Our immediate problem is to prepare this country, with an adequate defense to meet any emergency, to repel force with force. We have seen how other countries sat idly by, and watched the aggressor nations prepare themselves to force their way, and the people of this country can not, and will not, sit idly by without the proper preparedness. I believe in preparedness to insure against foreign invasion, and a preparedness that will make the Western Hemisphere impregnable. The time has come when we must have a navy strong enough to protect both our Atlantic and Pacific coasts, an air force strong enough that no foreign power would dare even think of war against us, and that if they were to be so foolish, that this country need have no fear of a successful invasion. Time is very important in the safe-guarding of our American Democracy. Even though the cost is great, even though you and I must sacrifice, in order to safeguard the principles which our fathers established in this world, we must be prepared with our army and navy to protect our people from any aggression. Our ideal and objective is self peace, peace at home and peace abroad, but there is no peace today in this world for a nation that is not powerful enough to defend its ideals. We must be strong, and it is a tremendous and challenging task, but it is one which a united American people can and will perform.

Challenge Across Waters
Some years ago, one of our great leaders recognized that sooner or later, the new world would be challenged by aggression from the vicious forces across the waters. He saw how our people would be faced with aggression by permitting those forces to gain foothold in the countries of the Western Hemisphere. Because of the foresight of that great man, the Monroe Doctrine was adopted, and it has been preserved by this country during all of these years. We saw how, many many days ago, when Hitler, the German Dictator, threw out his warning as to what his attitude was, and I believe today, as never before, that we should safeguard this great policy, the Monroe Doctrine. That we should see that this country is never threatened by aggression in any of the American countries, and that we should prepare to repel not only the aggression of the United States, but of the entire Western Hemisphere.

We must have a program, not only that provides for military preparedness, but one for economic preparedness, to meet the situation that will exist because of world conditions. The real struggle will be for economic advantages, but the greatest problem that we have here in our midst and which is more threatening to the true principles of American life, is the un-American and Fifth Columnists

forced to withstand the greed and selfishness of a mad man, and I believe our sympathies should go far enough to extend to the opponents of such mad force, the material resources of this nation, and any assistance, short of our Army and Navy.

Our immediate problem is to prepare this country, with an adequate defense to meet any emergency, to repel force with force. We have seen how other countries sat idly by, and watched the aggressor nations prepare themselves to force their way, and the people of this country can not, and will not, sit idly by without the proper preparedness. I believe in preparedness to insure against foreign invasion, and a preparedness that will make the Western Hemisphere impregnable. The time has come when we must have a navy strong enough to protect both our Atlantic and Pacific coasts, an air force strong enough that no foreign power would dare even think of war against us, and that if they were to be so foolish, that this country need have no fear of a successful invasion. Time is very important in the safe-guarding of our American Democracy. Even though the cost is great, even though you and I must sacrifice, in order to safeguard the principles which our fathers established in this world, we must be prepared with our army and navy to protect our people from any aggression. Our ideal and objective is self peace, peace at home and peace abroad, but there is no peace today in this world for a nation that is not powerful enough to defend its ideals. We must be strong, and it is a tremendous and challenging task, but it is one which a united American people can and will perform.

Challenge Across Waters
Some years ago, one of our great leaders recognized that sooner or later, the new world would be challenged by aggression from the vicious forces across the waters. He saw how our people would be faced with aggression by permitting those forces to gain foothold in the countries of the Western Hemisphere. Because of the foresight of that great man, the Monroe Doctrine was adopted, and it has been preserved by this country during all of these years. We saw how, many many days ago, when Hitler, the German Dictator, threw out his warning as to what his attitude was, and I believe today, as never before, that we should safeguard this great policy, the Monroe Doctrine. That we should see that this country is never threatened by aggression in any of the American countries, and that we should prepare to repel not only the aggression of the United States, but of the entire Western Hemisphere.

We must have a program, not only that provides for military preparedness, but one for economic preparedness, to meet the situation that will exist because of world conditions. The real struggle will be for economic advantages, but the greatest problem that we have here in our midst and which is more threatening to the true principles of American life, is the un-American and Fifth Columnists

forced to withstand the greed and selfishness of a mad man, and I believe our sympathies should go far enough to extend to the opponents of such mad force, the material resources of this nation, and any assistance, short of our Army and Navy.

Our immediate problem is to prepare this country, with an adequate defense to meet any emergency, to repel force with force. We have seen how other countries sat idly by, and watched the aggressor nations prepare themselves to force their way, and the people of this country can not, and will not, sit idly by without the proper preparedness. I believe in preparedness to insure against foreign invasion, and a preparedness that will make the Western Hemisphere impregnable. The time has come when we must have a navy strong enough to protect both our Atlantic and Pacific coasts, an air force strong enough that no foreign power would dare even think of war against us, and that if they were to be so foolish, that this country need have no fear of a successful invasion. Time is very important in the safe-guarding of our American Democracy. Even though the cost is great, even though you and I must sacrifice, in order to safeguard the principles which our fathers established in this world, we must be prepared with our army and navy to protect our people from any aggression. Our ideal and objective is self peace, peace at home and peace abroad, but there is no peace today in this world for a nation that is not powerful enough to defend its ideals. We must be strong, and it is a tremendous and challenging task, but it is one which a united American people can and will perform.

Challenge Across Waters
Some years ago, one of our great leaders recognized that sooner or later, the new world would be challenged by aggression from the vicious forces across the waters. He saw how our people would be faced with aggression by permitting those forces to gain foothold in the countries of the Western Hemisphere. Because of the foresight of that great man, the Monroe Doctrine was adopted, and it has been preserved by this country during all of these years. We saw how, many many days ago, when Hitler, the German Dictator, threw out his warning as to what his attitude was, and I believe today, as never before, that we should safeguard this great policy, the Monroe Doctrine. That we should see that this country is never threatened by aggression in any of the American countries, and that we should prepare to repel not only the aggression of the United States, but of the entire Western Hemisphere.

We must have a program, not only that provides for military preparedness, but one for economic preparedness, to meet the situation that will exist because of world conditions. The real struggle will be for economic advantages, but the greatest problem that we have here in our midst and which is more threatening to the true principles of American life, is the un-American and Fifth Columnists

forced to withstand the greed and selfishness of a mad man, and I believe our sympathies should go far enough to extend to the opponents of such mad force, the material resources of this nation, and any assistance, short of our Army and Navy.

Our immediate problem is to prepare this country, with an adequate defense to meet any emergency, to repel force with force. We have seen how other countries sat idly by, and watched the aggressor nations prepare themselves to force their way, and the people of this country can not, and will not, sit idly by without the proper preparedness. I believe in preparedness to insure against foreign invasion, and a preparedness that will make the Western Hemisphere impregnable. The time has come when we must have a navy strong enough to protect both our Atlantic and Pacific coasts, an air force strong enough that no foreign power would dare even think of war against us, and that if they were to be so foolish, that this country need have no fear of a successful invasion. Time is very important in the safe-guarding of our American Democracy. Even though the cost is great, even though you and I must sacrifice, in order to safeguard the principles which our fathers established in this world, we must be prepared with our army and navy to protect our people from any aggression. Our ideal and objective is self peace, peace at home and peace abroad, but there is no peace today in this world for a nation that is not powerful enough to defend its ideals. We must be strong, and it is a tremendous and challenging task, but it is one which a united American people can and will perform.

Challenge Across Waters
Some years ago, one of our great leaders recognized that sooner or later, the new world would be challenged by aggression from the vicious forces across the waters. He saw how our people would be faced with aggression by permitting those forces to gain foothold in the countries of the Western Hemisphere. Because of the foresight of that great man, the Monroe Doctrine was adopted, and it has been preserved by this country during all of these years. We saw how, many many days ago, when Hitler, the German Dictator, threw out his warning as to what his attitude was, and I believe today, as never before, that we should safeguard this great policy, the Monroe Doctrine. That we should see that this country is never threatened by aggression in any of the American countries, and that we should prepare to repel not only the aggression of the United States, but of the entire Western Hemisphere.

We must have a program, not only that provides for military preparedness, but one for economic preparedness, to meet the situation that will exist because of world conditions. The real struggle will be for economic advantages, but the greatest problem that we have here in our midst and which is more threatening to the true principles of American life, is the un-American and Fifth Columnists

forced to withstand the greed and selfishness of a mad man, and I believe our sympathies should go far enough to extend to the opponents of such mad force, the material resources of this nation, and any assistance, short of our Army and Navy.

Our immediate problem is to prepare this country, with an adequate defense to meet any emergency, to repel force with force. We have seen how other countries sat idly by, and watched the aggressor nations prepare themselves to force their way, and the people of this country can not, and will not, sit idly by without the proper preparedness. I believe in preparedness to insure against foreign invasion, and a preparedness that will make the Western Hemisphere impregnable. The time has come when we must have a navy strong enough to protect both our Atlantic and Pacific coasts, an air force strong enough that no foreign power would dare even think of war against us, and that if they were to be so foolish, that this country need have no fear of a successful invasion. Time is very important in the safe-guarding of our American Democracy. Even though the cost is great, even though you and I must sacrifice, in order to safeguard the principles which our fathers established in this world, we must be prepared with our army and navy to protect our people from any aggression. Our ideal and objective is self peace, peace at home and peace abroad, but there is no peace today in this world for a nation that is not powerful enough to defend its ideals. We must be strong, and it is a tremendous and challenging task, but it is one which a united American people can and will perform.

Challenge Across Waters
Some years ago, one of our great leaders recognized that sooner or later, the new world would be challenged by aggression from the vicious forces across the waters. He saw how our people would be faced with aggression by permitting those forces to gain foothold in the countries of the Western Hemisphere. Because of the foresight of that great man, the Monroe Doctrine was adopted, and it has been preserved by this country during all of these years. We saw how, many many days ago, when Hitler, the German Dictator, threw out his warning as to what his attitude was, and I believe today, as never before, that we should safeguard this great policy, the Monroe Doctrine. That we should see that this country is never threatened by aggression in any of the American countries, and that we should prepare to repel not only the aggression of the United States, but of the entire Western Hemisphere.

We must have a program, not only that provides for military preparedness, but one for economic preparedness, to meet the situation that will exist because of world conditions. The real struggle will be for economic advantages, but the greatest problem that we have here in our midst and which is more threatening to the true principles of American life, is the un-American and Fifth Columnists

forced to withstand the greed and selfishness of a mad man, and I believe our sympathies should go far enough to extend to the opponents of such mad force, the material resources of this nation, and any assistance, short of our Army and Navy.

Our immediate problem is to prepare this country, with an adequate defense to meet any emergency, to repel force with force. We have seen how other countries sat idly by, and watched the aggressor nations prepare themselves to force their way, and the people of this country can not, and will not, sit idly by without the proper preparedness. I believe in preparedness to insure against foreign invasion, and a preparedness that will make the Western Hemisphere impregnable. The time has come when we must have a navy strong enough to protect both our Atlantic and Pacific coasts, an air force strong enough that no foreign power would dare even think of war against us, and that if they were to be so foolish, that this country need have no fear of a successful invasion. Time is very important in the safe-guarding of our American Democracy. Even though the cost is great, even though you and I must sacrifice, in order to safeguard the principles which our fathers established in this world, we must be prepared with our army and navy to protect our people from any aggression. Our ideal and objective is self peace, peace at home and peace abroad, but there is no peace today in this world for a nation that is not powerful enough to defend its ideals. We must be strong, and it is a tremendous and challenging task, but it is one which a united American people can and will perform.

Challenge Across Waters
Some years ago, one of our great leaders recognized that sooner or later, the new world would be challenged by aggression from the vicious forces across the waters. He saw how our people would be faced with aggression by permitting those forces to gain foothold in the countries of the Western Hemisphere. Because of the foresight of that great man, the Monroe Doctrine was adopted, and it has been preserved by this country during all of these years. We saw how, many many days ago, when Hitler, the German Dictator, threw out his warning as to what his attitude was, and I believe today, as never before, that we should safeguard this great policy, the Monroe Doctrine. That we should see that this country is never threatened by aggression in any of the American countries, and that we should prepare to repel not only the aggression of the United States, but of the entire Western Hemisphere.

We must have a program, not only that provides for military preparedness, but one for economic preparedness, to meet the situation that will exist because of world conditions. The real struggle will be for economic advantages, but the greatest problem that we have here in our midst and which is more threatening to the true principles of American life, is the un-American and Fifth Columnists

forced to withstand the greed and selfishness of a mad man, and I believe our sympathies should go far enough to extend to the opponents of such mad force, the material resources of this nation, and any assistance, short of our Army and Navy.

Our immediate problem is to prepare this country, with an adequate defense to meet any emergency, to repel force with force. We have seen how other countries sat idly by, and watched the aggressor nations prepare themselves to force their way, and the people of this country can not, and will not, sit idly by without the proper preparedness. I believe in preparedness to insure against foreign invasion, and a preparedness that will make the Western Hemisphere impregnable. The time has come when we must have a navy strong enough to protect both our Atlantic and Pacific coasts, an air force strong enough that no foreign power would dare even think of war against us, and that if they were to be so foolish, that this country need have no fear of a successful invasion. Time is very important in the safe-guarding of our American Democracy. Even though the cost is great, even though you and I must sacrifice, in order to safeguard the principles which our fathers established in this world, we must be prepared with our army and navy to protect our people from any aggression. Our ideal and objective is self peace, peace at home and peace abroad, but there is no peace today in this world for a nation that is not powerful enough to defend its ideals. We must be strong, and it is a tremendous and challenging task, but it is one which a united American people can and will perform.

Challenge Across Waters
Some years ago, one of our great leaders recognized that sooner or later, the new world would be challenged by aggression from the vicious forces across the waters. He saw how our people would be faced with aggression by permitting those forces to gain foothold in the countries of the Western Hemisphere. Because of the foresight of that great man, the Monroe Doctrine was adopted, and it has been preserved by this country during all of these years. We saw how, many many days ago, when Hitler, the German Dictator, threw out his warning as to what his attitude was, and I believe today, as never before, that we should safeguard this great policy, the Monroe Doctrine. That we should see that this country is never threatened by aggression in any of the American countries, and that we should prepare to repel not only the aggression of the United States, but of the entire Western Hemisphere.

We must have a program, not only that provides for military preparedness, but one for economic preparedness, to meet the situation that will exist because of world conditions. The real struggle will be for economic advantages, but the greatest problem that we have here in our midst and which is more threatening to the true principles of American life, is the un-American and Fifth Columnists

forced to withstand the greed and selfishness of a mad man, and I believe our sympathies should go far enough to extend to the opponents of such mad force, the material resources of this nation, and any assistance, short of our Army and Navy.

Our immediate problem is to prepare this country, with an adequate defense to meet any emergency, to repel force with force. We have seen how other countries sat idly by, and watched the aggressor nations prepare themselves to force their way, and the people of this country can not, and will not, sit idly by without the proper preparedness. I believe in preparedness to insure against foreign invasion, and a preparedness that will make the Western Hemisphere impregnable. The time has come when we must have a navy strong enough to protect both our Atlantic and Pacific coasts, an air force strong enough that no foreign power would dare even think of war against us, and that if

Democrats View Campaign Issues

Expected to Rise Out of International Events

By JACK STINNENETT

CHICAGO — Democratic convention's view of the issues in the coming campaign, collected during hours of fat-chewing with the men and women who make politics a business:

If there are any major issues in this battle of the political gladiators which will come to an end November 5, they will have to arise out of national or international events that occur before then.

Examine almost all big issues you can think of in the light of Wendell L. Willkie's statements of his beliefs and aims and in the light of the policies and aims of the New Deal and see what's left to fight about.

Answers Are Ready

Roosevelt and Willkie are in almost perfect agreement on foreign policy. Neither likes Hitler; both believe in adequate defense; both approve of the reciprocal trade policy. No President could cut taxes in the face of mounting defense costs (although Willkie undoubtedly would favor a revision of the tax system to eliminate some taxes that business men consider a hindrance). On farm policy, Willkie is reported to have told a group of farmers to keep what they have until they get something better. As for labor, Willkie will certainly favor some revision of the Wagner act, but just as certainly not enough to alienate labor. Both parties are talking national unity.

What does that leave you? Power? Willkie has not committed himself on that, but he will. If he should oppose the government power policy, the New Deal will be waiting for him. I've talked to old campaigners, and I know. They'll come out with the declaration that Mr. Willkie is a TVA-made man. . . . that it was the TVA yardstick that made it possible for him to reduce rates and increase consumption in Commonwealth and Southern. . . . and that if it hadn't been for TVA, Willkie would have been just another utilities company head. . . . or would have gone back to the law business.

What else? Less government regulation of business is a certain Willkie policy but no total black out of government regulation of business. The Democrats will fight this with the claim that Mr. Willkie is in league with Wall Street.

That doesn't shape up as such a big bag of bones of contention, does it? The Take It Apart

But there is one point: The New Deal is standing on its record and the Republicans are going to take this record apart piece by piece and try to prove that it is one of inefficiency, needless bureaucracy, waste and extravagance. That's where the only big fight can come in the light of present circumstances: on means, not on the ends to which those means lead, on methods, not the targets at which these methods aim.

Of course, Willkie could change his tactics, do an about-face on all those writings and speeches he made in his whirlwind rise to the post of G. O. P. flag-bearer. But nobody thinks he will. The Republican platform was made to order in its elasticity and he can carry on the Willkie way without ever outraging the party's declarations of policy.

Boiled down, this campaign, in the minds of most convention observers, is going to be a battle of personalities—Willkie against Roosevelt, Roosevelt is the New Deal and the New Deal is Roosevelt and in the minds of the people, say the wisecracks, they cannot be differentiated.

If this is so, Roosevelt is going to have a distinct disadvantage—but do not get me wrong, it has nothing to do with his personality. It is simply will be impossible for him to take the field. There is too much work to be done in Washington, too much chance of criticism if he turns his back on the capital to wage a political campaign.

But more of that phase of it later. If you can believe the folks in the throes of conventionitis, it's a dual of methods and personalities and the millions of voters will do their thumbs-up or thumbs-down on that basis in November.

It Must Have Been a Good One



Losing Weight Is Simple Now-a-Days

Here's the Way to Get a Bathing Suit Figure

By BETTY CLARKE

AP Feature Service Writer

Summer is no time for us to be puffing ourselves red in the face trying to slim our waists. There's a simple way to get a better-looking bathing-suit figure. It might be called the summer stretch. It's a favorite with several Hollywood stars and New York socialites, as well as with career women.

So, forget the thumps and bumps of winter exercise routine, and try this summer slimmer:

Lie on your back on the floor, your feet together, arms over your head. Remember, you're to keep your hips touching the floor throughout this stretch. Now, slide your legs along the floor to the right. Keep both legs together and on the floor. Edge them a little farther, gradually. Then stretch your left arm toward the right as hard as ever you can—keeping it on the floor. Push it as far as you can, as if you were trying to make fingers meet. Then you reverse legs and arms to the right. Throughout both exercises the non-pulling arm can be bent at the elbow, but it should not leave the floor.

If you really want to do something about extra waistline inches, you'll do these stretches 20 times to each side. (And it's an exercise you can easily do on the beach, if you don't mind giving your figure secrets away).

While we're on the topic of hot weather, these are good days for increasing the raw vegetables and fresh fruits in your daily diet. It's good for your figure as well as your health; it will cut down on the fattening foods you eat.

Whatever it was that someone said to Secretary of the Navy Frank Knox at a recent press conference in Washington, it must have been good to produce the hearty laugh pictured above.

President Roosevelt has appointed three secretaries of war and three secretaries of the navy. Appreciable amounts of calcium are contained in cheese, cauliflower, oranges, spinach and oysters.

HARRISON IN HOLLYWOOD

By PAUL HARRISON, NEA Service Correspondent

Orson Welles, After a Year in Hollywood, at Last Ready to Show His Style on Screen

HOLLYWOOD — Orson Welles' only claim to the local title of Wonder Boy, after a year here, is that he has all Hollywood wondering what sort of pictures he'd turn out.

Among the numerous and derisive critics of the 25-year-old radio and stage genius are some who still declare, as if reading the mint leaves in the bottom of a julep cup, that Little Orson Annie never will complete a film. The newest gag about him is that the ambitious Welles has doubled his schedule—instead of not making three pictures, he will not make six.

But the fact is that any day, now, the camera will begin to turn on "Citizen Kane." Welles thought up the story and he is completing the screen play. He also will be the producer, director and star. Other faces in the cast will be virtually unknown to movie audiences: some of the players are from his Mercury Theater; one, Gus Schilling, is a burlesque comic who graduated from Minsky to Shakespeare with Welles' help.

Will Bring New Star to Front

Leading woman is Linda Winters. She is not exactly a stranger to Hollywood, having served Columbia as leg-art cutie under the name of Dorothy Comenore. She now is the wife of Richard Collins, a writer, and before taking her screen test she confided that she would not be able to work very long. Hollywood will collapse in hysterics when it learns that Welles, whose experiences here have been a series of postponements, has hired an actress who is expecting a baby. But Welles is confident of being able to finish "Citizen Kane" within a couple of months.

He will not confide anything about the plot of his picture, but I do know that it will carry its main character through a lifetime of some 70 years, and that Welles has been

busy for weeks on make-up and tests for himself and other principals.

The main reason that Hollywood has resented Orson Welles is that he not only was able to get, but also dared to assume, more authority and duties than anybody out here ever had except Charlie Chaplin. Every studio approached him with an offer to write or direct or act. Casually, though he refused, explaining that he expected to do all three and to be a producer besides. That sounded pretty nervy, and Hollywood seemed to take personal offense when George Saefer of RKO finally made such an agreement with him. Welles is so completely his own boss that he can order RKO executives off his sets and can keep them out of his cutting room.

Already Two Disappointments

His first picture was to have been Joseph Conrad's "Heart of Darkness." But Welles couldn't control the European situation or the financial panic that struck Hollywood. The production would have cost more than a million dollars, and he wouldn't have the budget.

So that was postponed, and he worked furiously at scripting "The Smiler With a Knife." It would have been the first flicker about Fifth Column activities and should have made a lot of money for that reason alone. Only trouble was that Welles wrote it for Carole Lombard, and she wasn't available, and he wouldn't consider anyone else.

So now, finally, he's going to do "Citizen Kane."

Moscow residents average one bath in 18 months. Parisians one in four months, and Japanese one every day. It would take 2,000,000 years for all the sea water in the world to flow over Niagara Falls.

Death Follows the Rising Sun in China



That "other war" is still going on, although it is Europe's tragedy that captures the headlines. Japan's daily toll of death and destruction in China is illustrated by the unusual action photo, above. The scene is Ichang, important city in central China. Nipponese infantrymen are seen following close behind an artillery barrage, one of whose shells explodes in the background.

Hope and Waldo to Play Doubleheader

At Fair Park Here at 2:30 Sunday Afternoon

The Hope Robins baseball team will meet Waldo in a double-header at Fair park here at 2:30 Sunday afternoon.

The Robins team will be at full strength for first time in several games and will be after revenge for a double-loss suffered at Waldo several days ago.

The Waldo team is sponsored by Travis Jackson, former New York Giants star.

CHURCH NEWS

FIRST CHRISTIAN North Main & West Avenue "B" John Keith Gregory, Minister

Bible School at 9:45 a. m. Morning Worship & Communion Service at 11:00 o'clock. The sermon will be "Church Invalids". Junior Christian Endeavor Society at 7:00 p. m.

Evening Worship Service at 7:45 o'clock. The sermon for the evening worship will be "Prelude to the Millennium".

THE STANDINGS

Southern Association

Team	W.	L.	Pct.
Nashville	56	31	.644
Atlanta	53	37	.588
Memphis	47	40	.539
Chattanooga	49	43	.533
Birmingham	38	48	.442
Little Rock	38	50	.432
New Orleans	38	51	.427
Knoxville	34	55	.382

Friday's Results

All night games.

Games Saturday

Atlanta at Little Rock (2). Chattanooga at Memphis. Knoxville at Birmingham. Nashville at New Orleans.

National League

Team	W.	L.	Pct.
Cincinnati	52	25	.676
Brooklyn	50	29	.633
New York	44	39	.525
Chicago	43	42	.506
St. Louis	35	42	.452
Pittsburgh	33	44	.432
Boston	28	46	.378
Philadelphia	26	51	.338

Friday's Results

New York 5, Pittsburgh 2. Chicago 11, Brooklyn 4. Boston 8, Cincinnati 7. St. Louis 3-5, Philadelphia 2-3.

Games Saturday

Boston at Pittsburgh. Brooklyn at St. Louis. New York at Cincinnati. Philadelphia at Chicago.

American League

Teams	W.	L.	Pct.
Detroit	49	33	.598
Cleveland	48	35	.578
Boston	47	35	.573
New York	44	36	.550
Chicago	37	41	.474
Washington	36	49	.424
Philadelphia	33	48	.407
St. Louis	34	51	.400

Friday's Results

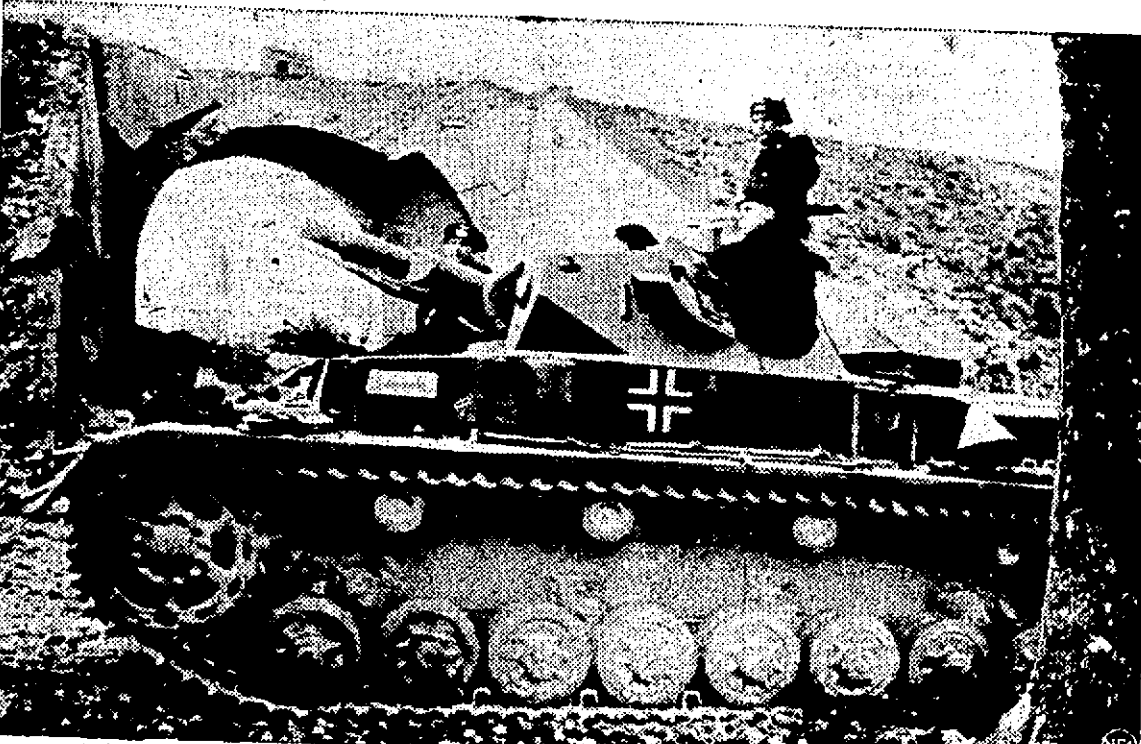
New York 13, Cleveland 6. Detroit 4, Boston 0. St. Louis 8, Philadelphia 7. Chicago 9, Washington 1.

Games Saturday

Chicago at Philadelphia. Detroit at New York. St. Louis at Washington. Cleveland at Boston.

Six meals a day are customary in Norway.

Nazis, 600 Miles From Home, Stage Amazing 'Panzer' Power



"Most impressive of all were huge 16-wheel heavy-armored tanks . . ."

Disruption of French communications delayed this eyewitness account of the German pageant of armored power in conquered Bordeaux in the southwest corner of France.

By JEAN N. GRAFFIS, Manager, Paris Bureau, Acme Newspictures

CLERMONT-FERRAND, France—Wireless! Powder and organization in the German military machine! These two vital components of conquest in amazing quantity.

I stood on the Bordeaux waterfront July 1 for two and a half hours and watched General von Kleist review "Panzer" divisions in their new headquarters more than 600 miles from the Fatherland.

I counted roughly 2500 motorized units, carrying 15,000 soldiers completely armed for battle. The reviewing group of German officers was the only part of that mighty host which was aloft.

Along the quays before a very few natives of Bordeaux purred every type of motorized equipment needed for the stern pursuit of war, including heavy guns, anti-aircraft artillery, machine guns and light mortars, followed by rifle squads, radio cars, motor-cyclists, commissary wagons and pontoon bridge squads, complete with motorboats and heavy bridge sections.

Most impressive of all were huge 16-wheel heavy armored tanks streamlined to deflect shells.

A splendid 90-piece German military band faced the review stand. All civilians were barred from the street. Songs—and More Songs

Whether this huge show of military power was the German method of displaying to Bordeaux the strength of the invading forces or merely a special review for the German staff was unrevealed, but an unbiased observer was forced to conclude that no excuses were necessary for the armistice appeal the French made.

For drab, sullen military power this parade eclipsed anything seen in modern warfare. It was organized in the short space of a day and a half after the Germans officially took over Bordeaux.

For a week after Paris fell, the French army streamed through Bordeaux afoot, on cycles, in motor lorries. The poilus slept in the fields and in barns on the roadside. They foraged for bread, vegetables and linned meat and ate their meals with red wine at cafes, stopping sometimes an hour, at afternoon, a day or longer.

During their last night at a southern railway junction they chanted the theme song—"When I'm beside my blond"—until the last evacuation train left at dawn.

The next day the Germans entered in force. Bordeaux cafe loafers had

hardly reclaimed their customary seats which the French soldiers had occupied, before Hitler's men moved in, generally surveying their new world.

Their dark greenish gray uniforms were to be seen bobbing along the Rue St. Catherine, the shopping thoroughfare of Bordeaux.

Along the highways, which led to the country, metal flags planted at the lanes indicated the various Nazi regimental headquarters.

Dispatch riders on motorcycles dodged in and out and armored cars dropped off loads of the occupying forces. Commissary officers were busy buying food in the neighborhood stores, paying in new marks.

By nightfall, the Germans were to sing. Stirling college songs and beer hall chants rose from the wood-hollowed after supper and until midnight when three lusty "Siege Heils" ended the serenade.

Then in silence Bordeaux began its first Sunday in history under control of a German army.

Papers Still Print

There was comparatively little excitement, but some pathos in the change-over from French to German rule. French poilus, to their dismay, learned they had two hours in which to don civilian clothes and leave, or otherwise be made prisoners.

They managed to leave on time, but they looked like scarecrows in the east-of clothes they begged or borrowed.

The Bordeaux civilians carefully minded their own business and avoided anything that might lead to discussion with the Germans. They found little more than ministerial decrees.

Both the temporary and the permanent residents of Bordeaux eagerly scanned the newspapers, but they found little more than ministerial decrees.

The other columns were filled with ludicrous, ancient boiler plate material.

Most of the Paris papers continued publishing in Bordeaux. From the presses of "La Petite Gironde" alone rolled 32 editions, daily. They were filled with columns of personals in which separated families sought reunion and business houses sought to contact their employees.

The University of Nancy was seeking the whereabouts of 15 members of its faculty.

NEW ORLEANS — A buried city which may represent the southernmost advance of ancient Mayan civilization is being unearthed in western El Salvador by a Tulane University expedition.

The first season's work has uncovered walls, floors, steps, pyramidal terraces and a tomb, constructed with a metallic clay and fine volcanic cinders. A cache of carved jadeite jewelry also was uncovered.

Sixty grass-covered mounds, the largest more than 100 feet high, indicate the buried city some 20 miles from San Salvador, capital of the republic. The mounds are in a small valley excessively dry between rainy seasons. Nearby are the San Salvador Volcano, last active in 1917, and the Izalco volcano, active the past 200

All the Town's Men

PORTALBAN, Switzerland — (P) — The Village of Portalban, in French Switzerland, lost every one of its village fathers on account of war. All the councillors have been mobilized. A local high school boy is handling the correspondence and "current affairs" during their absence.

United States

(Continued from Page One)

other air base is under construction, with tons of equipment and modern artillery.

The navy is not idle. Seven hundred miles north and west of Seattle lies Sitka, on Baranoff Island. Here a navy air and submarine base is being rushed. Another 700 miles west in the Pacific on Kodiak Island a repair base for ships, submarines and planes is well along. And another 700 miles west at Dutch Harbor is another. Nearly \$20,000,000 is being poured into these tasks as fast as it can be spent.

Russians Busy Close By

Why the hurry? For many years 300 infantry at Chilkoot barracks were regarded as sufficient protection for Alaska's 500,000 square miles of tundra, forests and mountains, with all their riches of gold, timber, furs, silver, lead, coal, platinum, palladium, molybdenum, tungsten, gas, oil, copper, tin and other vital and valuable products. No longer. Developments in Eu-



Dr. Ernest Gruening, governor of Alaska. "We need troops and guns, air and navy bases, but above all, roads, airports and planes."

rope and Asia suddenly threw into bold relief Alaska's situation as an air route to the United States.

Siberia is less than an hour by fast bomber and there new army bases and air posts are being established. A submarine base is being built on Bering Island in the Commander Islands, with German technicians reported supervising this work only a few hundred miles from the American Aleutians.

Activity has been observed in Big Diomed Island (Russian), which is in sight of Little Diomed (American).

The Alaskan air bases will be tremendous in size. Not so many planes will be stationed there permanently. But clouds of them can be flown to Alaska in a few hours from Pacific northwest bases. The Alaskan bases must be prepared to handle them, and to do the exploratory and experimental work that goes with flying where the temperature goes to 72 below zero, as it has done at Fairbanks.

Alaska Has One Railroad

"We need troops and guns, air and navy bases, but above all, roads, Ernest Gruening. "In all Alaska there is not one first-class airport. We have no landing fields for large commercial or fighting and bombing planes."

All Alaska now has less than 3000 miles of roads, though it is one-fifth as large as the United States, and many of these roads are usable only in summer. Alaska's only operating railroad, from Seward to Fairbanks, about 470 miles, is in no condition to transport heavy guns or armament.

Alaskan defenses are at present inadequate. With all five new bases in operation, and with between 3000 and 10,000 inadequately armed and trained troops on hand to guard against paratroopers, Alaska would be secure.

The Alaskan air bases have a double value. In any naval action fought in the north Pacific, the land-based planes would be invaluable.

years.

The expedition is under the direction of Maurice Hies of the Tulane Middle American Research Institute. He believes the city was "definite Maya characteristics" and was the southernmost point at which Mayan influence had been reported. Walls and steps, Hies said, are similar to those unearthed near Guatemala City by archaeologists of the Carnegie Institution of Washington.

The expedition was financed by Mr. and Mrs. John Dimick, New York socialites who participated in the field work. Dimick, an engineer, surveyed and mapped the area. Mrs. Hies was expedition photographer.

LOGS WANTED GUM AND OAK

Red and Sap Gum, short blocks in round. White and Red Oak and Ash Bolts, not barked.

For Prices and Specifications Apply to:

HOPE HEADING COMPANY

Phone 245

OUT OUR WAY



THE "PILL"

By J. R. Williams